

The FLEX Real World Data Platform Explores New Gene Expression Profiles and Investigator-Initiated Protocols in Early Stage Breast Cancer

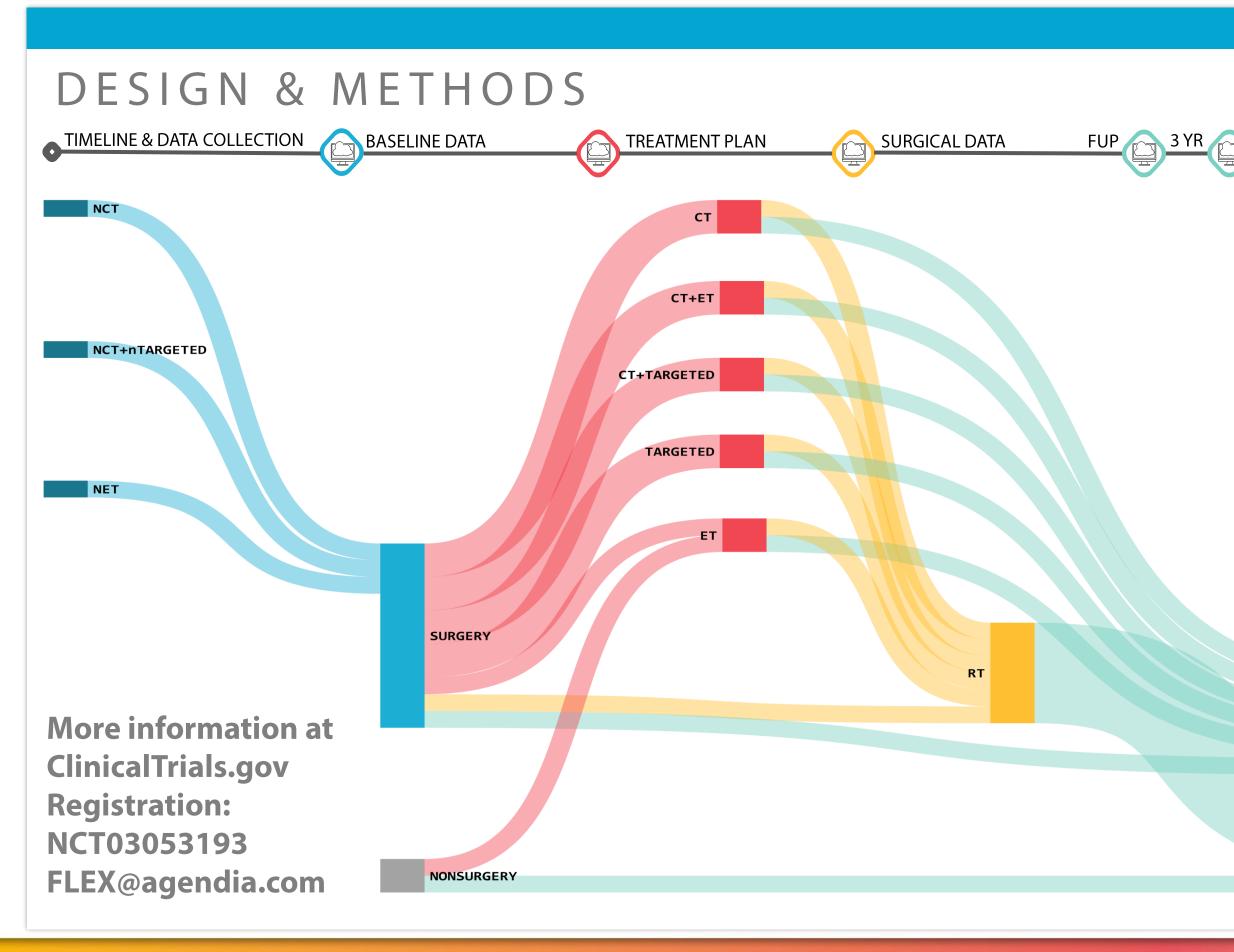
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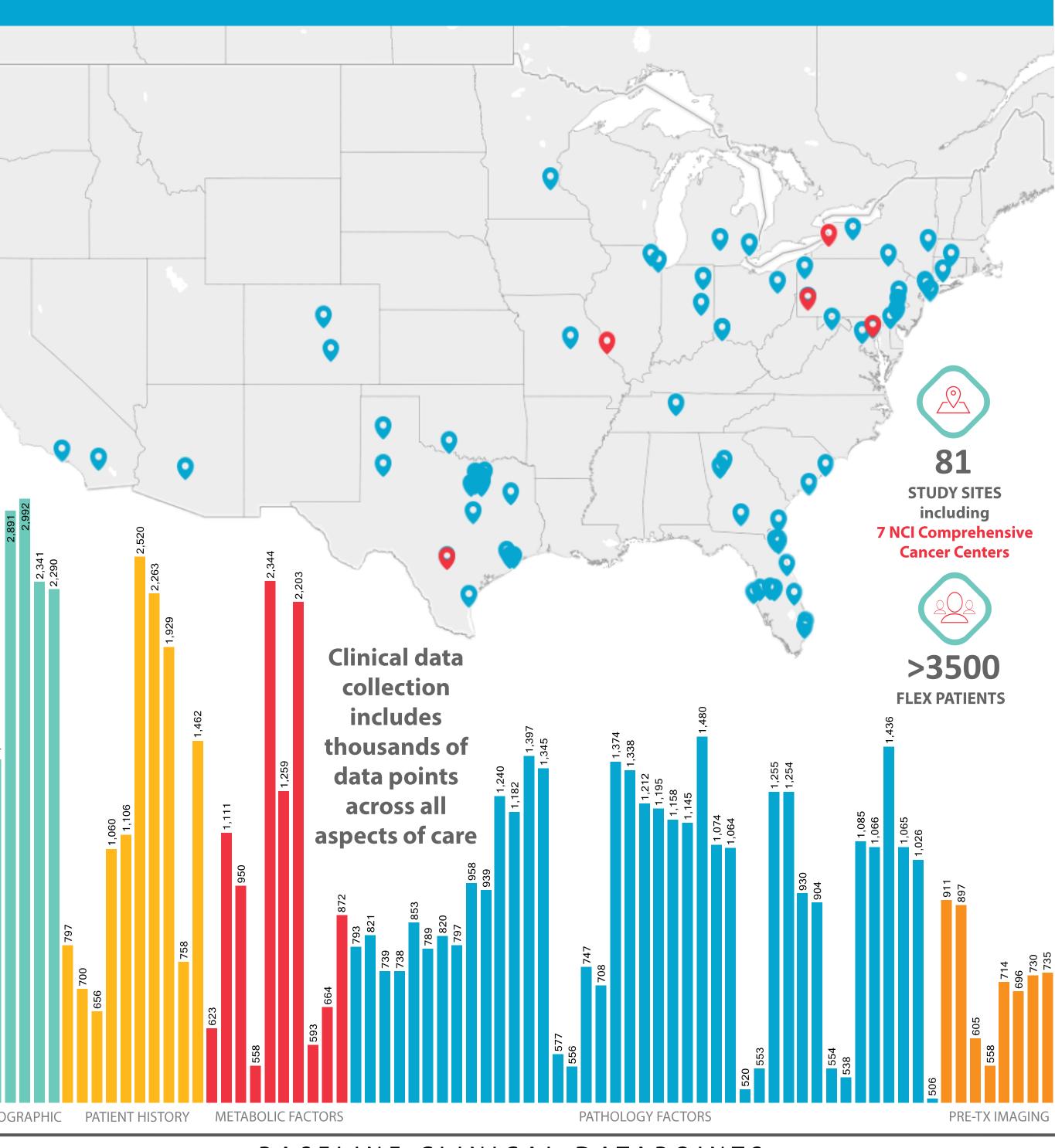
BACKGROUND & ELIGIBILITY

Genomic signatures are revolutionizing the definition, identification, and treatment of breast cancer. To precisely stra into actionable subgroups, full genome (FG) expression data and matching clinical data must be aggregated into dataset. Such a dataset will accelerate research and discovery, especially for smaller patient subsets that are not as v within the current body of literature.

FLEX will enroll a minimum of 10,000 patients aged ≥18 years with histologically proven invasive stage I-III breast can multicenter, prospective, population-based, observational trial. All patients who receive MammaPrint (MP), BluePrint (BP) on a primary breast tumor are eligible for enrollment. The study's primary aim is to create a large scale, registry of full genome expression data matched with clinical data to investigate new gene associations with predictive value in a real-world setting. Secondary objectives include utilizing the shared study infrastructure to exar hypotheses for targeted subset analyses and substudies based on full genome expression data. Any participating FLE the opportunity to submit their own substudy proposal to their peers on the FLEX Steering Committee. To date, fiftee already been identified and approved.



	COLLABORATIVE SUBSTUDIES	S
atify breast cancers a large, real-world widely represented	BAPTIST MD ANDERSON CANCER CENTER, JENNIFER CROZIER, MD MammaPrint and BluePrint evaluation in breast cancer patients over 70	
	BAPTIST MD ANDERSON CANCER CENTER, JENNIFER CROZIER, MD Gene expression, MammaPrint and BluePrint in male breast cancer	
ncer. The study is a with or without population-based prognostic and/or mine and generate EX investigator has en substudies have	NORTH VALLEY BREAST CARE, IAN GRADY, MD Impact of genomic risk classification on travel time to receive breast cancer care	
	JOHNS HOPKINS, MEHRAN HABIBI, MD Comprehensive gene expression profiling of breast cancer in patients receiving short-course endocrine therapy prior to surgery	
	UNIVERSITY OF PITTBURGH MEDICAL CENTER, ADAM BRUFSKY, MD Gene expression in breast cancer patients with obesity	
	JOHNS HOPKINS, MEHRAN HABIBI, MD Correlation of the microbiome with breast cancer gene expression	3,000
	UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH MEDICAL CENTER, ADAM BRUFSKY, MD Expression signature by response to bisphosphonates in ER+ patients receiving adjuvant therapy for osteoporosis after primary treatment for breast cancer	2,750 2,500
	VALLEY BREAST CLINIC, THOMAS LOMIS, MD: Gene expression profiles for signature discovery in patients participating in ODM201 trial	2,250 2,000 1,800
	BAPTIST MD ANDERSON CANCER CENTER, JENNIFER CROZIER, MD Full genome expression in invasive lobular carcinomas	1,650
	BAPTIST MD ANDERSON CANCER CENTER, JENNIFER CROZIER, MD MammaPrint and BluePrint in relation for clinical ki-67 scores	1'275 1,383
	BAPTIST MD ANDERSON CANCER CENTER, JENNIFER CROZIER, MD MammaPrint and BluePrint in metaplastic breast cancers	U 1,200 U 1,100 U 1,100 U 1,000
	BAPTIST MD ANDERSON CANCER CENTER, JENNIFER CROZIER, MD MammaPrint and BluePrint relation to progesterone receptor positivity by IHC	900
	UNIVERSITY OF PITTBURGH MEDICAL CENTER, ADAM BRUFSKY, MD Response to standard CT regimens in clinically ER+/PR+/HER2+ (triple positive) patients according to BluePrint molecular subtypes	800 700 8
	NASHVILLE BREAST CENTER, PAT WHITWORTH, MD Genomic reclassification of large tumors in patients eligible to receive NCT	650 600 550
	JOHNS HOPKINS, MEHRAN HABIBI, MD Safety of de-escalated radio-therapy in genomically low-risk breast cancer after breast conserving surgery	500 DEMC



BASELINE CLINICAL DATAPOINTS

SABCS 2019 #OT3-17-02

